Statement

Details of surplus/deficit (with subsidy and without subsidy) during 1997-98 of the SEBs.

(Rs. in crores)

Sl. No	Name of the SEB		Surplus/Deficit	
			with subsidy	without subsidy
1.	A.P.	(A)	121.55	-1134.46
2.	Bihar	(U)	-327.40	-327.40
3.	Gujarat	(U)	119.48	-1273.52
4.	Haryana	(A)	47.75	-593.98
5.	H.P.	(A)	29.45	29.45
6.	Karnataka	(U)	58.47	-331.51
7.	Kerala	(U)	24.61	-285.05
8.	M.P.	(U)	126.62	-210.91
9.	Maharashtra	(A)	342.27	36.61
10.	Punjab	(U)	49.40	-555.27
11.	Rajasthan	(U)	65.35	-625.37
12.	Tamil Nadu	(U)	-67.70	-317.75
13.	Uttar Pradesh	(A)	170.80	-1385.97
14.	W.B.	(A)	18.25	-227.27
15.	Assam	(U)	-358.72	-411.05
16.	Meghalaya	(U)	-43.00	-52.00
	TOTAL		598.68	-7665.45

(A) - Audited

(U) - Unaudited

NOTE: In the case of ASEB, BSEB, HSEB, MPEB, UPSEB AND WBSEB, the figures are based on the Annual Accounts of the Boards for the year 1996-97 as the accounts for 1997-98 have not been received so far.

Decontrolling fuel for private power producers

2433. SHRI LAJPAT RAI: Will the Minister of POWER be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government propose to decontrol the supply and the price of fuel for the private power producers;

(b) if so, the details thereof; and

(c) by when final decision is likely to be taken in this regard?

THE MINISTER OF POWER, MINISTER OF PARLIAMENTARY AFFAIRS AND MINISTER OF NON-CONVENTIONAL ENERGY SOURCES (SHRI P.R. KUMARAMANGALAM): (a) to (c) According to the policy on the use of liquid fuels for power generation, only Naphtha is allocated by the Government to the various power projects within an overall ceiling of power generation capacity of 12,000 MW, which has been distributed among various States. State Governments are free to contract for new power projects based on other permissible liquid fuels such as Fuel Oil (FO), Low Sulphur High Stock (LSHS) etc. beyond the ceiling of 12,000 MW. High Speed Diesel (HSD) would be permitted for power generation as special case in inaccessible and isolated areas for small

capacities and where use of other fuels is not feasible.

Government has decided to dismantle Administered Pricing Mechanism (APM) in petroleum sector in phases. Consequently, oil companies have been allowed to fix the prices based on market considerations effective from 1.4.1998 for all petroleum products other than Motor Spirit (MS), Superior Kerosine Oil (SKO), High Speed Diesel (HSD) and Aviation Turbine Fuel (ATF).

So far as coal based generation is concerned, usually Non-coking coal to D to F grade is being used for power generation. Government has deregulated the price of D grade of non-coking coal with effect from 12.3.1997 and has also decided to allow the nationalised coal companies (Coal India Limited and Singareni Collieries Company Limited) to fix the prices of E, F and G grades of non-coking coal once in every six months with effect from 13.3.1997.

Foreign training to SC/ST officers of Central Electricity Authority

2434. SHRI GANDHI AZAD: Will the Minister of POWER be pleased to state:

(a) whether there is any discrimination in sending Class-I SC/ST officers of Central Electricity Authority for foreign tours, training and assignments;

(b) if so, what action Government propose to remove this discrimination to protect the interest of SC/ST officers;

(c) if not, whether adequate number of SC/ST officers are being sent on proportionate basis for such trainings etc. every year; and

(d) the details of all the officers sent abroad during the last three years, indicating the number of SC/ST officers?

THE MINISTER OF POWER, MINISTER OF PARLIAMENTARY AFFAIRS AND MINISTER OF NON-CONVENTIONAL ENERGY SOURCES (SHRI P.R. KUMARAMANGALAM): (a) No, Sir.

(b) Not applicable.

(c) Yes, Sir. Adequate representation has been given to all deserving officers including SC/ST Groups-A officers without any discrimination.

(d) Details of Group-A officers (including SC/ST officers) trained/deputed abroad during the last 3 years (for 1995-96, 1996-97 and 1997-98) is given in the Annexure.

[*See* Appendix 186, Annexure No. 41]

मध्य प्रदेश के गांवों का विद्युतीकरण

2435. श्री दिलीप सिंह भूरिया: क्या विद्युत मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि:

(क) 28.2.99 की स्थिति के अनुसार मध्य प्रदेश के कितने गांव जिले-वार अविद्युतीकृत है;

(ख) ग्रामीण विद्युतीकरण निगम द्वारा वर्ष 1996-97 से 1998-99 तक प्रति वर्ष गांवों के जिले-वार विद्युतीकरण हेतु कितनी धनराशि उपलब्ध कराई गई है; और

(ग) विद्युतीकरण गांवों में विद्युत लाइनों के विस्तार संबंधी सुविधा एवं योजना हेतु सहायता दिए जाने का ब्यौरा क्या है?

विद्युत मंत्री तथा संसदीय कार्य मंत्री और गैर-पारम्परिक ऊर्जा स्रोत मंत्री (श्री पी.आर. कुमारमंगलम्): (क) उपलब्ध सूचना के अनुसार वर्ष 1991 की जनगणना के अनुसार मध्य प्रदेश में परिवर्तित 71526 बसे हुए गांवों में से 3373 बसे गावों को 28.2.99 तक विद्युतीकृत किया जाना शेष था। कई गैर-विद्युतीकृत गांवों का जिला-वार ब्यौरा विवरण-I में दिया गया है (नीचे देखिए)

(ख) वर्ष 1996-97 से 1998-99 (3.3.1999) की अवधि के दौरान गांवों के विद्युतीकरण हेतु ग्रामीण विद्युतीकरण निगम द्वारा जिला-वार प्रदान की गई धनराशि का वर्ष-वार ब्यौरा विवरण-I में दिया गया है (नीचे देखिए)

(ग) विद्युतीकृत गांवों के सघन विद्युतीकरण के क्रियान्वयन का निर्णय संबंधित राज्य विद्युत बोर्डों द्वारा लिया जाता है। ग्रामीण विद्युतीकरण निगम (आर.ई.सी.) केवल स्कीम के लिए लागू मानदंडों के अनुसार ग्रामीण विद्युतीकरण स्कीमों को स्वीकृति प्रदान करता है। वर्तमान में आर.ई.सी. विद्युतीकृत गांवों के सघन विद्युतीकरण के लिए प्रत्येक आर.ई. स्कीमों के लिए 5 करोड़ रुपये की ऋण सहायता स्वीकृत करता है।